



Comhairle Contae
Átha Cliath Theas

South Dublin
County Council

Draft SDCC Economic Strategy

JAN 2026

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A new Economic Strategy is timely...

- Geo-political Issues
- Rising Costs and Inflation
- AI disruption
- Reduction in FDI since 2023
- Last Economic Strategy prepared in 2012
- New policy context



Responding to AI and Technological Disruption

Why this matters

- Rapid advances in AI and automation are changing how work is done
- Productivity gains and job displacement risks are uneven across sectors
- Skills adaptability is now a core economic competitiveness issue

How the Strategy Responds (Snapshot)

- Prioritises high-value, knowledge-intensive sectors best positioned to benefit from AI
- Supports innovation, R&D and technology adoption, not just start-ups
- Develops a County Skills Strategy focused on reskilling, upskilling and lifelong learning
- Strengthens clusters and places that support collaboration and innovation

Delivering the LECP: The Economic Strategy

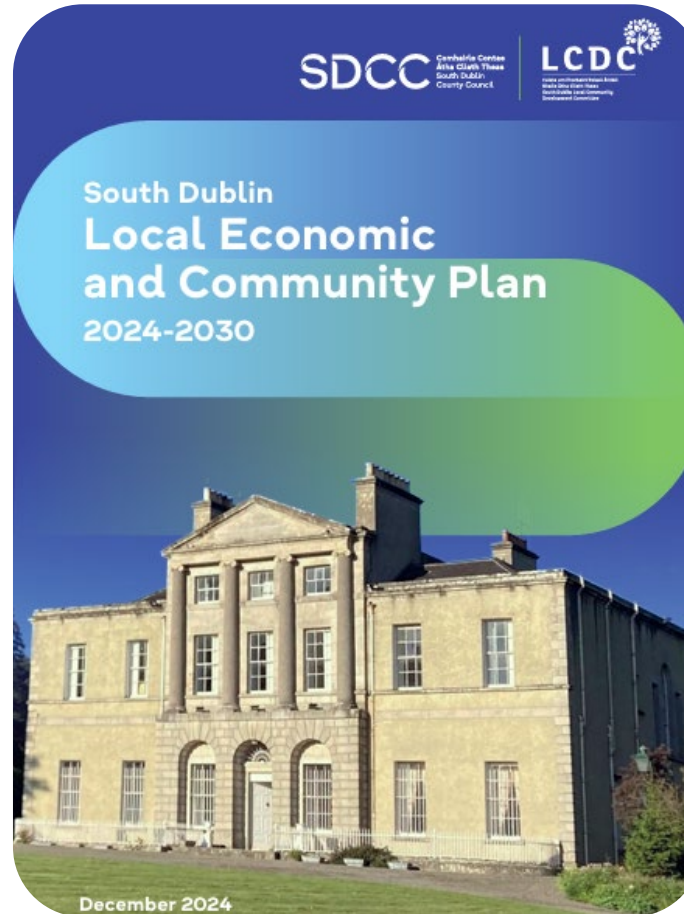
The **Local Economic and Community Plan (LECP)** sets the long-term vision and objectives for economic and community development in South Dublin.

The **Economic Strategy** translates the economic elements of the LECP into a **focused, evidence-led delivery framework**.

It provides:

- Deeper economic analysis
- Clear priorities and sequencing
- Tangible, time-bound actions

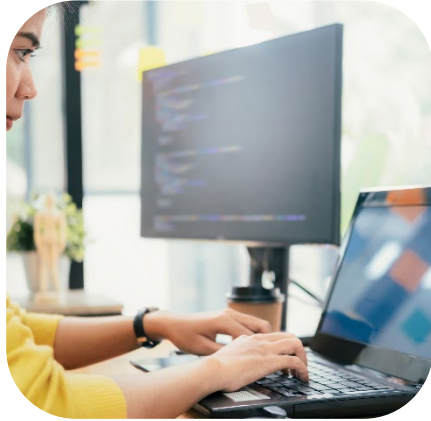
Together, the LECP and Economic Strategy form a **coherent framework from policy to delivery**



Our strategy centers around 4 key pillars

**Ambitions
and Actions**

**KPIs, Monitoring
and Evaluation**



Sectors

Analysed the composition of our business and industry base to model how they will evolve and grow.



Space

Analysed what land we have for employment uses and how to optimize these lands, including opportunities for clustering sectors.



People

Assessed the diverse employment and skills base to future proof opportunity for the people of South Dublin.



Place

Assessed why South Dublin is an attractive place for people to live, work, study and to visit.

Increasing Gross Value Added (GVA)

The challenge

- South Dublin generates €22.6bn in GVA (2022)
- Productivity growth under pressure from rising costs and global volatility

Our response

- Target 15–25% GVA growth by 2030 (€22.6bn–€28.3bn)
- Focus on high-value sectors, innovation and skills-led growth

Pillar 1: Sectors - snapshot

€**22.61**bn

South Dublin job-based GVA 2022

Dublin City
€46.39bn

Fingal
€25.0bn

DLR
€19.55bn



Sector Facility Spotlights

Work IQ - Digital Services / Technology
Tallaght University Hospital - Healthcare
The Square + Liffey Valley – Retail
Grange Castle Business Park – Pharma / FDI



6,418 active enterprises

Top 5 company sectors

Retail and wholesale	18%
Industry / manufacturing	14%
Financial and professional	11%
Healthcare	9%
Hospitality, leisure, tourism	9%

Top 5 employment sectors

Financial and professional	17%
Retail and wholesale	12%
Healthcare	11%
Education and Training	8%
Construction	8%

Top 5 Sectoral GVA Contribution

According to GVA by sector x jobs in South Dublin

Industry and Manufacturing	€7bn
Digital Services	€4.2bn
Financial and professional	€2.89bn
Retail and Wholesale:	€1.56bn
Pharma, biotech, medtech	€1.45bn

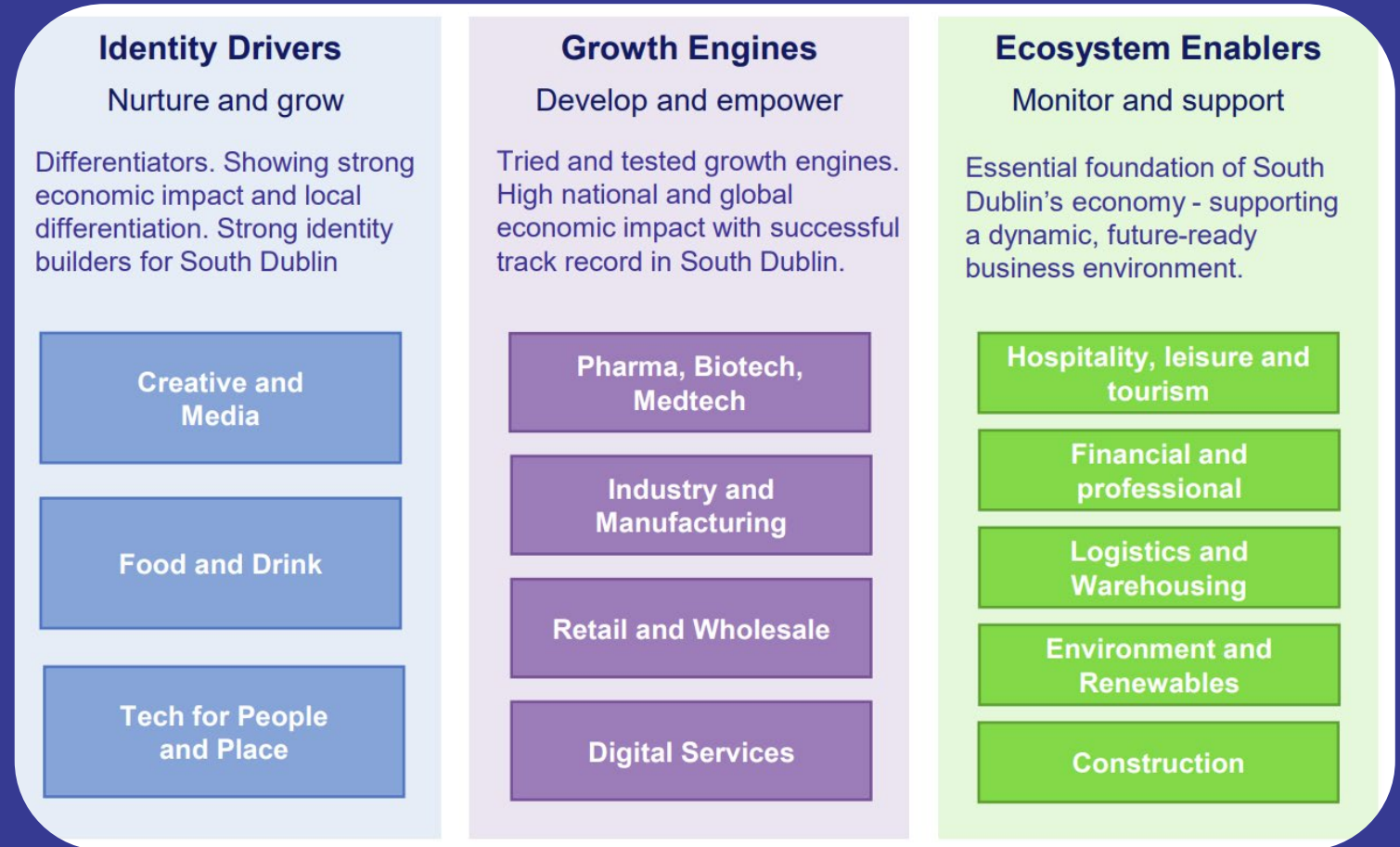
Sectors – Nurture, Empower, Support

Objective:

To facilitate and grow a diverse economic base in South Dublin, which builds on local sectoral strengths, develops a unique economic identity for South Dublin, and ensures a strong economic ecosystem to create resilience and opportunity for all sectors

Key recommendations and actions to support:

- Sector identity drivers
- Sector growth engines
- Sector ecosystem enablers



Supporting High-Value Sector Growth

Strategy actions (Pillar 1: Sectors)

- *“Develop clusters for growth sectors through designation of areas and encouraging co-location of businesses within similar industries to enhance and fuel innovation.”* **(Action 1.2.3, Mid – 1–2 years)**
- *“Facilitate expansion of key innovation growth areas”* **(Action 1.2.13, Ongoing)**
- *“Support expansion of companies through FDI support, R&D expansion and enterprise growth across priority sectors to increase growth of entry-level, mid-level and professional roles.”* **(Action 3.3.1, Ongoing)**

Growing Within Finite Space

The challenge

- Employment land is finite (c. 625 hectares zoned)
- Regeneration risks business displacement if unmanaged

Our response

- Optimise every hectare through clustering and intensification
- Actively manage relocation and employment land use

Infrastructure and Housing Delivery

The challenge

- Over 104,000 jobs with high levels of commuting
- Transport, utilities and housing not keeping pace with growth

Our response

- Deliver transport-led employment hubs
- Align growth with infrastructure and housing delivery

What Do We Mean by Transport-Led Employment Hubs?

The concept

- Employment locations planned around high-capacity public transport
- Transport is treated as an enabler of growth, not an afterthought
- Supports compact, accessible and sustainable employment development

What this looks like in South Dublin

- Concentrating employment growth in Tallaght, City Edge, Citywest and Grange Castle
- Aligning jobs with Luas, BusConnects, rail and active travel networks
- Supporting higher employment density, mixed use and supporting services
- Improving access to jobs while reducing car dependency

Pillar 2: Space - snapshot

Available Employment Land

Employment lands zoned CDP: 625 ha
Undeveloped EE space: 352.77 ha

Areas with largest undeveloped land available (2024):

- Grange Castle West: 161.6 ha
- Grange Castle South: 104.18 ha
- Baldonnell 18.41 ha
- Greenogue and Aerodrome 18.4 ha
- Grange Castle East 17.56 ha

Employment Distribution



Transport Modes to SD Employment Areas



69.9%



9.4%



5.8%

Key Employment and Regeneration Areas

- Tallaght LAP
- City Edge Regeneration
- Grange Castle Masterplan

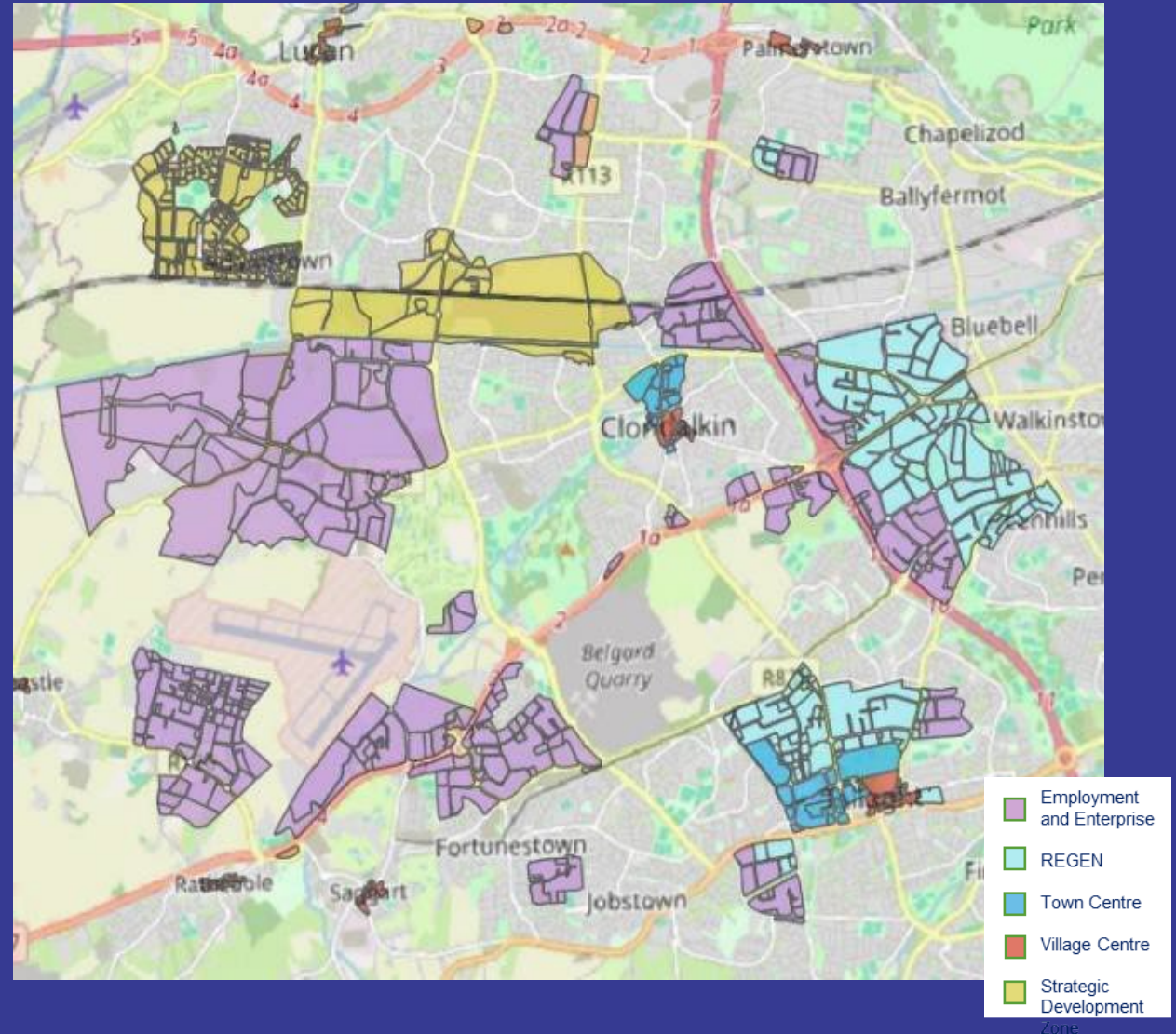
Space – Regeneration, Development, Clustering

Objective

To optimise the available land and space within South Dublin to ensure employment lands are well used, prioritised for the best economic growth and prosperity outcomes, and future-proof forward planning to foster and grow South Dublin's economy.

Key recommendations and actions to support:

- Key employment and regeneration areas
- Capacity of these areas for future development
- Ecosystem that supports these areas
- Sectoral clusters



Optimising and Managing Employment Land

Strategy Actions (Pillar 2: Space)

- *“Support the optimisation of every hectare of employment lands in South Dublin so that space actively powers innovation, inclusion and prosperity.” (Action 2.5.0, Ongoing)*
- *“Develop a Future Employment Land Framework – a strategic, data-led process that will identify, test and prioritise sites for future economic activity.” (Action 2.5.1, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Establish an Employment Land Monitor to carry out annual employment land audits to review land availability, development readiness, infrastructure alignment and sectoral trends.” (Action 2.5.2, Mid – 1–2 years)*

Skills Mismatch and Outward Commuting

The challenge

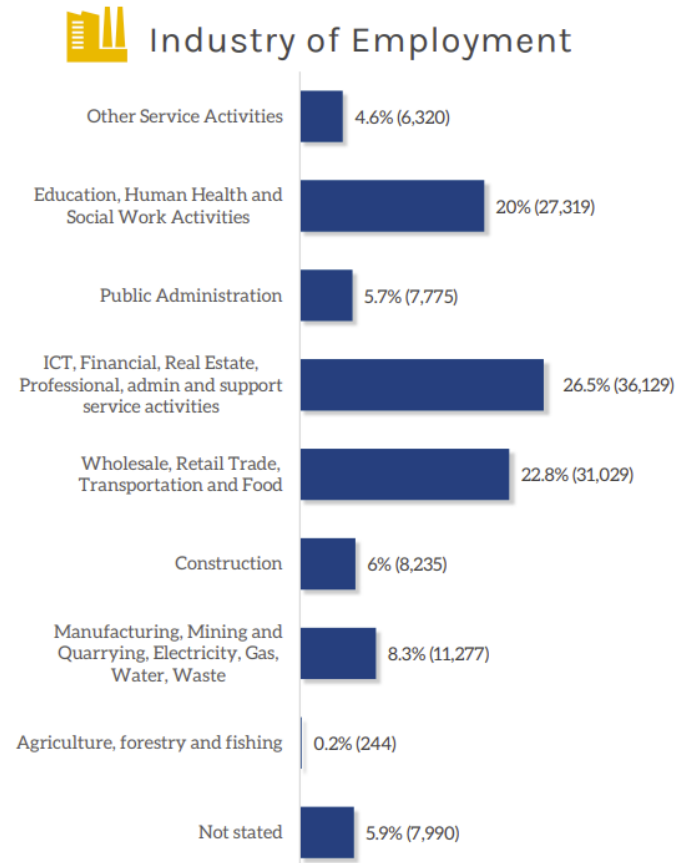
- Only 39.5% of residents work within the county
- Over 80% of outward commuters are in higher-value occupations

Our response

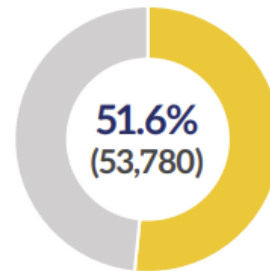
- Deliver a County Skills Strategy by end 2026
- Strengthen local employment hubs and progression pathways

Pillar 3: People - snapshot

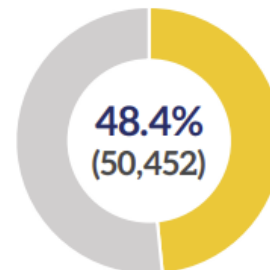
104,232 Local Jobs



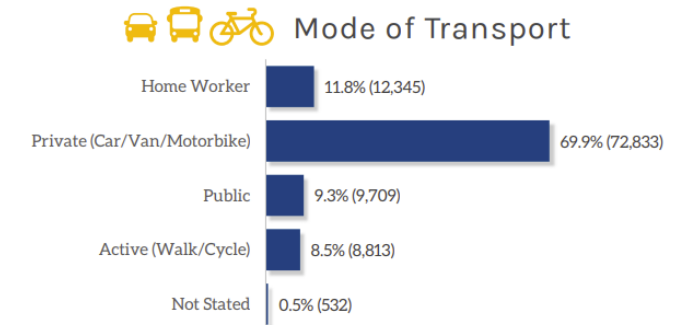
Lives & Works in SDCC



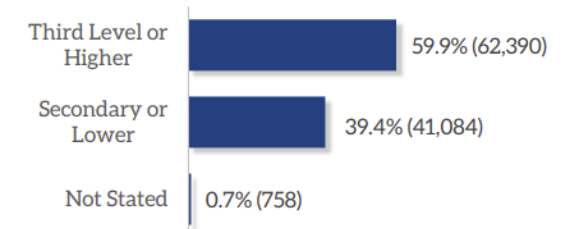
Commutes from Outside SDCC



136,318 Resident Workers



 **Completed Education**



People – Opportunity for all

Objective

To provide opportunity for all across South Dublin ensuring the diverse fabric of South Dublin's community is catered for, jobs and employment are created and accessible, and South Dublin's talent pool are provided with the skills and tools to succeed.

Key ambitions and actions to support:

- Connected and accessible skills and lifelong learning
- Accessible to employment hubs
- Growing local talent and opportunity



Delivering Transport-Led Employment Hubs

Strategy actions (Pillar 2: Space & Pillar 3: People)

- *“Enhance and connect employment hubs to create flexible, well-serviced spaces linking talent, enterprise and opportunity across the county.” (Action 3.2.0, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Integrate sustainable transport solutions around key employment locations to improve accessibility, reduce emissions and strengthen labour market reach.” (Action 3.2.2, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Support the expansion of cycling infrastructure, pedestrian networks and public transit connectivity to main employment hubs, including Tallaght, Clondalkin, City Edge and Grange Castle.” (Action 3.2.3, Long – 3–5 years)*

Delivering a County Skills Strategy

Strategy actions (Pillar 3: People)

- *“Develop a coordinated County Skills Strategy that aligns education, enterprise and community partners to meet evolving workforce needs.” (Action 3.1.1, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Expand lifelong learning and upskilling opportunities so residents can gain the capabilities needed to thrive in a changing economy.” (Action 3.1.2, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Promote clear progression pathways through collaboration with employers and education providers, supporting continuous career development.” (Action 3.1.3, Long – 3–5 years)*

Strengthening Place Competitiveness

The challenge

- Strong as a place to invest and live
- Weaker as a place to visit and study

Our response

- Invest in placemaking, town centres and the evening economy
- Strengthen South Dublin's identity and visibility

Pillar 4: Place - snapshot



4th

Invest

25th

Visit

5th

Live

18th

Study

Vista Report

Top indicators

Population, ABC
class, GVA,
Economic activity,
broadband

Focus Improvements

Total Big 4
% self-employed

Top indicators

Distance to large
Airport
Direct destinations
from airport

Focus Improvements

Number of attractions
Domestic trips
Domestic spend

Top indicators

Ethnicities
Distance to A+E
% Good health
WFH population
Childcare services

Focus Improvements

No. remote hubs
Average rent

Top indicators

University ranking
% finished upper
secondary/
technical

Focus Improvements

Student population
Progression to 3rd level

Place – Develop, Promote, Activate

Objective

To ensure South Dublin is a place for people to live, work, study and visit, and economic growth is centred around creating a strong sense of place.

Key recommendations and actions to support:

- Place Development
- Place Making
- Place Branding
- Place Management

Infrastructure development:

Purposeful investment in infrastructure, housing, and tourism to support and unlock long-term growth and resilience

Inclusive placemaking:

Shape vibrant, people-centred environments that foster community, culture, and quality of life.

Develop new narrative:

Promote South Dublin communities with a strong, authentic proposition to attract talent, visitors, and investment

Work in partnership:

Coordinate South Dublin stakeholders and resources to ensure communities are maintained, animated, and continuously improved.



4 Ps

Place
Development

Place
Making

Place
Branding

Place
Management

Placemaking, Place Management and Identity

Strategy actions

- *“Create a more welcoming, attractive and people-centred environment in key towns and villages by delivering high-impact placemaking interventions.” (Action 4.1.0, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Strengthen collaborative, cross-sector place management by establishing structures including Business Improvement Districts and co-created local action groups.” (Action 4.1.6, Mid – 1–2 years)*
- *“Reposition South Dublin through a coordinated, insight-led place marketing and branding strategy that communicates its strengths and more effectively attracts visitors, students, talent and investment.” (Action 4.2.1, Mid – 1–2 years)*



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Thank you